

# QBio201: Molecular Mechanism of the Cell

## Module Responsible:

Prof. Dr. Ilka Axmann

## Version:

02/01/2021

## Module Organizer:

Prof. Dr. Ilka Axmann

## Type:

Compulsory

## Lecturer:

Prof. Dr. Ilka Axmann, Prof. Dr. Matias Zurbriggen, Prof. Dr. Markus Pauly, Dr. Vicente Ramírez

## Total Working Time

360 h

## Credit Points

12 CP

## Contact Time

150 h

## Self Study

210 h

## Duration

1 Semester

## Course Components

Lecture : 5 SWS

Exercise: 3 SWS

Practical : 2 SWS

## Group Size

P: 40

P: 40

P: 20

## Frequency

Every Summer Semester

## Learning Competencies:

The students have basic knowledge of the fundamental molecular mechanisms of the cell. Knowledge on cellular structures as well as processes involved in the flow of information in a cell, e.g. transcription, translation, replication, cell cycle, gene regulation and signalling.

After completing the module, students are able to

- reproduce comparatively the structure of a cell as well as the process of gene expression of pro- and eukaryotes (gene organization and regulation, transcription, translation and post-translational modifications of proteins).
- explain processes of the cell cycle, cell division and replication.
- explain selected molecular biological methods (see content) and name their areas of application.
- deal under supervision with the basic measuring instruments and apparatus of molecular biology and to explain how they work.

## Content:

### 1. The cell

- Prokaryotes and eukaryotes; Components of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells; Structural features of cells; Multicellularity and cell specialization; Cell division, Cell cycle, Mitosis, Meiosis
- Cell membranes and their dynamics: structure of biological membranes; Recognition and adhesion of cells; Membrane transport; Endo- and exocytosis; Endomembrane system, glycosylation, cytoskeleton, chemical syntheses and information processing
- energy conversion in chloroplasts and mitochondria [-> QBio301: Cell Bioenergetics]

### 2. Genes

- Gene expression in prokaryotes and eukaryotes: gene organization; Transcription (promoters, RNA polymerases and their auxiliary factors); genetic code; Translation

(ribosomes, tRNAs, translation process); Transport and post-translational modification of proteins

- Regulatory RNAs: RNAi, microRNAs, CRISPR-Cas
  - Replication of DNA: Enzymatic DNA Synthesis; Meselson Stahl experiment; Chemistry of enzymatic DNA synthesis;
  - How DNA polymerases work; Replication mechanism. Leader strand + follower strand, strand polarity, okazaki fragments, polymerase processivity, clamp protein, replisome. Origin of replication in prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Telomeres + telomerase. Replication accuracy: Proofreading. Mismatch repair.
  - DNA mutations: genotype, phenotype, selection. Mutation types. Direct repair, base and nucleotide excision repair, linking of non-homologous strand ends.
  - Homologous recombination: Holliday structure, splice + patch recombinants. SOS response + cell cycle control
  - Epigenetics: histone modifications, DNA methylation
  - Mobile genetic elements: insertion element, transposon, transposon replication
3. Microbes and viruses [-> QBIO101: Network of Life]
- Genome diversity, structure, general replication cycle, lysis + lysogeny, retrovirus, transcription + replication, viroid, prion
  - bacteria: cellular structure, morphology, cell division, growth control, pathogenicity, virulence factors, DNA exchange through transduction, transformation, conjugation, F-plasmid, resistance mechanisms.
  - Gene regulation: end product inhibition, lac operon, substrate induction, antibiotic effect, antibiotic resistance and mechanisms. Resistance plasmid.
  - Genome, essential genes, restriction and modification (restriction enzymes).
4. Molecular Biology Applications
- DNA sequencing, polymerase chain reaction (PCR), DNA mapping, sequencing, DNA fingerprinting, recombinant DNA technology, recombinant DNA technology: cloning, mapping, restriction and ligation, cDNA cloning, gene inactivation. Heterologous gene expression.
  - Biotechnology
  - Monogenic diseases
  - Stem cells (types and concepts), mitosis, cell cycle, cell communication and signal chains, apoptosis, cancer development

**Conditions of Participation:**

Enrolled in Quantitative Biology

**Examination:**

Learning portfolio consisting of

- Written exams based on the content of the lectures (50% of the final grade)
- Exercises (25% of the final grade)
- Protocol (25% of the final grade)

**Prerequisites for Awarding Credits for this Module:**

- Passing Exercises (50 % of Exercise Sheets)
- Passing Written Exam
- Successful Participation at The Lab Course

**Factor for the Overall Grade:**

The grade is weighted according to the credit points (CP) in the overall grade.

**Language:**

English

**Literature:**

Molekulare Genetik Knippers

Molecular Biology 3rd Edition Authors: David Clark Nanette Pazdernik Michelle McGehee 2018

Molecular Biology of the Cell (Sixth Edition) by Bruce Alberts 2014

Molecular biology principles and practice (Cox and Doudna)

**Further Information:**